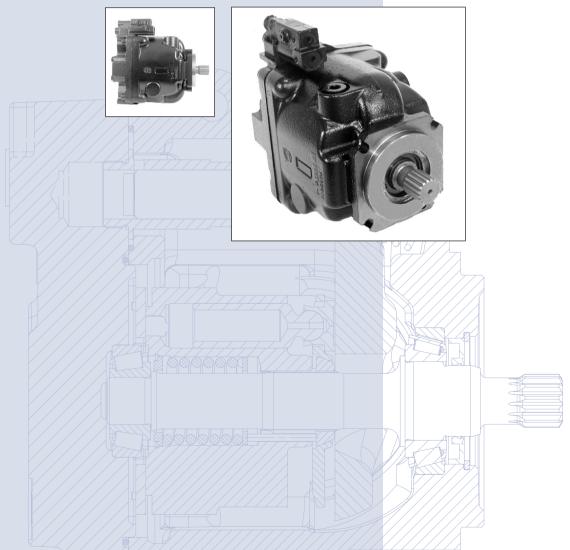


Series 45
E Frame
Open Circuit
Axial Piston Pumps

Service Manual







Series 45 E Frame Open Circuit Axial Piston Pumps

Revisions

HISTORY OF REVISIONS

Table of Revisions

Date	Page	Changed	Rev.
October 2012	15-16	add control types	AG
April 2011	24	correction to installation of shipping cover.	AF
November 2010	last	new last page	AE
February 2010	last	Fix Osaka address	AD
July 2009	21	Pressure change - PC adjustment specs	AC
March 2008	12	added new displacement limiter specs	AB
March 2005	-	First edition	A

© 2012 Sauer-Danfoss. All rights reserved.

Sauer-Danfoss accepts no responsibility for possible errors in catalogs, brochures and other printed material. Sauer-Danfoss reserves the right to alter its products without prior notice. This also applies to products already ordered provided that such alterations aren't in conflict with agreed specifications. All trademarks in this material are properties of their respective owners. Sauer-Danfoss and the Sauer-Danfoss logotype are trademarks of the Sauer-Danfoss Group.



INTRODUCTION	Overview	5
	Safety precautions	
	Unintended machine movement	
	Flammable cleaning solvents	
	Fluid under pressure	
	Personal safety	
	Symbols used in Sauer-Danfoss literature	
	General description	
	System circuit	
	System chedical and a second s	
TECHNICAL	General specifications	9
SPECIFICATIONS	Type of mounting	
	Auxiliary mounting pad options	
	Control options	9
	Port options	9
	Direction of rotation	9
	Installation position	
	Technical specifications	
	Hydraulic parameters	
	Inlet pressure	
	Pressure compensator valve setting	
	Case pressure	
	Hydraulic fluid	
	Fluid viscosity	
	Filtration	
FEATURES	Displacement limiter	12
1 E/ II O II E S	Auxiliary mounting pads	
	Input shafts	
	Control options	
	PC control	
	LS control	
	Electric Proportional Controls	
	Electric On/Off Controls	
	Licette on on controls	I S
PRESSURE	Required tools	
MEASUREMENT	Port locations and gauge installation	16
INITIAL START-UP	General	17
PROCEDURES	Start-up procedure	
	-г-г	
ELLID AND FUTER	Decommendations	10
FLUID AND FILTER MAINTENANCE	Recommendations	1 t



TROUBLESHOOTING	Excessive noise and / or vibration	19
	Actuator response is sluggish	19
	System operating hot	20
	Low pump output flow	20
	System operating hot	20
	System pressure not reaching PC setting	21
	System pressure not reaching PC setting High inlet vacuum	21
AD HISTMENTS	PC control	25
ADJUSTMENTS	LS control	22
	LS control	23
MINOR REPAIR	Shaft seal replacementAuxiliary pads	24
	Auxiliary pads	25
	LS and PC Controls	26
	Electric Controls	28
	Electric ControlsServo Control Orifice	30
	Plug and fitting sizes and torques	31



Introduction

OVERVIEW

This manual includes information for the installation, maintenance, and minor repair of the Series 45 frame E open circuit axial piston pumps. The manual includes a description of the units and their individual components, troubleshooting information, and minor repair procedures. Performing installation, maintenance, and minor repair of Series 45 E frame axial piston pumps according to the procedures in this manual will not affect your warranty.

Performing minor repairs requires the unit to be removed from the vehicle/machine. Thoroughly clean the unit before beginning maintenance, or repair activities. Since dirt and contamination are the greatest enemies of any type of hydraulic equipment, follow cleanliness requirements strictly. This is especially important when changing the system filter and when removing hoses or plumbing.

A worldwide network of Sauer-Danfoss **A**uthorized **S**ervice **C**enters (ASCs) is available for major repairs. Major repairs require the removal of the unit's endcap, which voids the warranty unless done by an ASC. Sauer-Danfoss ASCs are trained by the factory and certified on a regular basis. You can locate your nearest ASC using the distributor locator at www.sauer-danfoss.com

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Always consider safety precautions before beginning a service procedure. Protect yourself and others from injury. Take these general precautions whenever servicing a hydraulic system.

Unintended machine movement

Warning

Unintended movement of the machine or mechanism may cause injury to the technician or bystanders. To protect against unintended movement, secure the machine or disable / disconnect the mechanism while servicing.

Flammable cleaning solvents

Warning

Some cleaning solvents are flammable. To avoid possible fire, do not use cleaning solvents in an area where a source of ignition may be present.

Fluid under pressure

▲ Warning

Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate your skin causing serious injury and/or infection. This fluid may also be hot enough to cause burns. Use caution when dealing with hydraulic fluid under pressure. Relieve pressure in the system before removing hoses, fittings, gauges, or components. Never use your hand or any other body part to check for leaks in a pressurized line. Seek medical attention immediately if you are cut by hydraulic fluid.

Personal safety

Warning

Protect yourself from injury. Use proper safety equipment, including safety glasses, at all times.



Introduction

SYMBOLS USED IN SAUER-DANFOSS LITERATURE

These symbols are in the illustrations and text of this manual. They communicate helpful information at the point where it is most useful to the reader.

In most instances, the appearance of the symbol itself denotes its meaning. The legend below defines the symbol and explains its purpose.

	WARNING may result in injury		Tip, helpful suggestion
0	CAUTION may result in damage to product or property	6	Lubricate with hydraulic fluid
\triangle	Reusable part	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Apply grease / petroleum jelly
الم	·	8	Apply locking compound
	Non-reusable part, use a new part	Ø.	Inspect for wear or damage
	Non-removable item	Ja V	Clean area or part
<u> </u>	Option – either part may exist		Be careful not to scratch or damage
*	Superseded – parts are not interchangeable	8	Note correct orientation
	Measurement required		Mark orientation for reinstallation
	Flatness specification	2	Torque specification
//	Parallelism specification	<u></u>	Press in – press fit
	External hex head		Pull out with tool – press fit
0	Internal hex head		Cover splines with installation
	Torx head		sleeve
ORB	O-ring boss port		Pressure measurement / gauge location or specification



Introduction

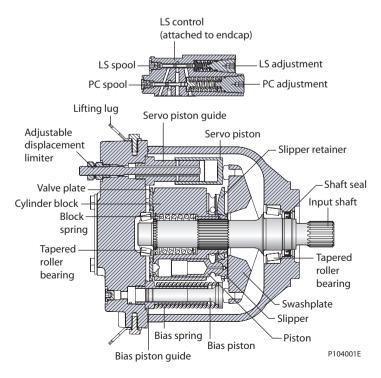
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Sauer-Danfoss Series 45 E frame open circuit piston pumps convert input torque into hydraulic power. Rotational force is transmitted through the input shaft to the cylinder block. The input shaft is supported by tapered roller bearings at the front and rear of the pump and is splined into the cylinder block. A lip-seal at the front end of the pump prevents leakage where the shaft exits the pump housing. The spinning cylinder block contains nine reciprocating pistons. Each piston has a brass slipper connected at one end by a ball joint. The slippers are held to the swashplate by the spring retainer and block spring. The block spring also holds the cylinder block to the valve plate. The reciprocating movement of the pistons occurs as the slippers slide against the inclined swashplate during rotation. Via the valve plate, one half of the cylinder block is connected to pump inlet and the other half to pump outlet. As each piston cycles in and out of its bore, fluid is drawn from the inlet and displaced to the outlet thereby imparting power into the system circuit. A small amount of fluid is allowed to "leak" from the cylinder block / valve plate and slipper / swashplate interfaces for lubrication and cooling. Case drain ports are provided to return this fluid to the reservoir.

The volume of fluid displaced into the system circuit is controlled by the angle of the swashplate. The swashplate is forced into an inclined position (into stroke) by the bias piston and spring. The servo piston opposes the action of the bias piston and spring forcing the swashplate out of stroke when hydraulic pressure in the control circuit rises above the spring force.

The pump control, by varying the pressure at the servo piston, controls the displacement of fluid in the system circuit. Controls designed for **P**ressure **C**ompensation (PC) or **L**oad **S**ensing (LS) are available. For a detailed description of control operation, refer to *Control options, operation*, page 13.

Pump and control sectional view





Introduction

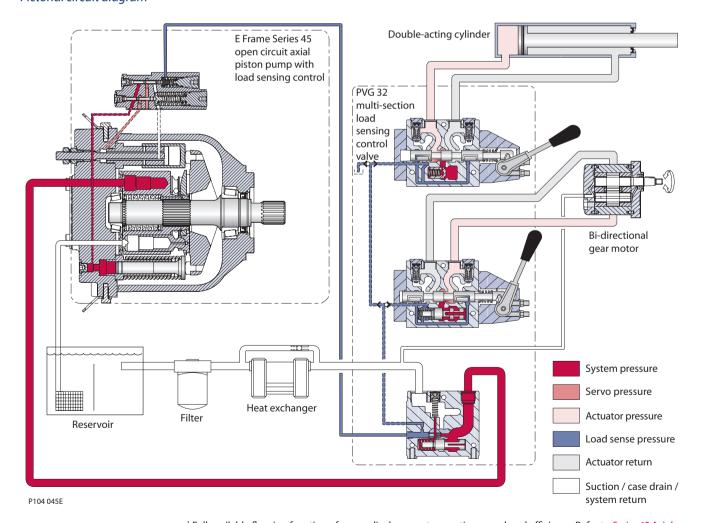
SYSTEM CIRCUIT

The pump receives fluid directly from the reservoir through the inlet line. A screen placed in the inlet protects the pump from large contaminants. The output of the pump is directed to a PVG-32 multi-section load sensing directional control valve which directs fluid to the actuators in the system. Fluid returning from the system is cooled by a heat exchanger and cleaned by a filter before returning to the reservoir.

The speed of the actuators in the system depends on the volume of fluid being provided by the pump. The operating pressure varies depending on actuator load, but is limited to an adjustable maximum setting by the PC section of the pump control and by a system relief valve integrated into the side module of the PVG valve.

The position of the PVG valve sets the demand for flow in the system and communicates this to the pump control by means of a hydraulic signal (load sense signal). The pump will provide as much flow to the system as it demands¹ while limiting the maximum pressure. Therefore flow and pressure in the system are compensated to meet requirements.

Pictorial circuit diagram



¹ Full available flow is a function of pump displacement, operating speed, and efficiency. Refer to Series 45 Axial Piston Open Circuit Pumps Technical Information, 520L0519 for details.



Technical specifications

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Type of mounting

SAE-C mounting flange.

Auxiliary mounting pad options

SAE-A, SAE-B, SAE-B-B, SAE-C, SAE C-C

Control options

PC: Pressure Compensator LS: Load Sensing (with PC)

Port options

Inlet and system ports: SAE flanged ports, code 61 Inlet Code 62 outlet.

Axial (end) ports or radial (side) ports.

All other ports: SAE straight thread O-ring boss.

Direction of rotation

Clockwise or counterclockwise.

Installation position

Installation position is discretionary. To satisfy inlet pressure conditions, it is recommended that the pump always be located below the lowest level of hydraulic fluid in the reservoir. The housing must always be filled with hydraulic fluid.

Technical specifications

Features and options	Model				
Feature		Unit	E100B	E130B	E147C
Maximum Displacement		cm³ [in³]	100 [6.10]	130 [7.93]	147 [8.97]
	ti	l/min	245	286	309
Flow at rated speed (theo	oretical)	[US gal/min]	[64.7]	[75.6]	[81.6]
Input torque at maximum	n displacement	N•m/bar	1.592	2.069	2.340
(theoretical)		[lbf•in/1000 psi]	[972]	[1263]	[1428]
Mass moment of inertia of	of internal	kg•m²	0.0128	0.0128	0.0128
rotating components	rotating components		[0.0094]	[0.0094]	[0.0094]
Woight	Axial ports	kg [lb]	51.3 [113]		
Weight	Radial ports		54.9 [121]		
Rotation			Clockwise, Counterclockwise		kwise
Mounting				SAE-C	
Auxiliary mounting			SAE-A, SAE-B, SAE-BB, SAE-C, SAE-CC		C, SAE-CC
System ports (type)			4-bolt split flange		!
System ports (location)			Axial, Radial		
Control types			PC, Remote	PC, Remote PC, LS, LS with internal bleed	
CI. C		Splined	13-tooth, 14-tooth, 17-tooth		tooth
Sharts	Shafts		Ø 38.08 mm [1.5 in]		
Displacement limiters		Optional, adjustable			



Technical specifications

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS (continued)

Ratings			Model		
Rating		Units	E100B	E130B	E147C
	minimum		500	500	500
Input speed ¹	continuous	min ⁻¹ (rpm)	2450	2200	2100
	maximum		2880	2600	2475
Marking programs	continuous	la a u [mai]	310 [4495]	310 [4495]	260 [3770]
Working pressure	maximum	bar [psi]	400 [5800]	400 [5800]	350 [5075]
External shaft	External moment (M _e)	N•m [lbf•in]	455 [4030]	360 [3190]	396 [3500]
	Thrust in (T _{in}), out (T _{out})	N. 511 63	2846 [640]	1735 [390]	2113 [475]
loads	Thrust out (T _{out})	N [lbf]	7740 [1740]	6672 [1500]	7117 [1600]
	at 140 bar [2030 psi]		77 200	32 700	21 600
Deswins life	at 210 bar [3045 psi]	D h a	19 800	8400	5500
Bearing life	at 260 bar [3770 psi]	B ₁₀ hours	9700	4116	2700
	at 310 bar [4495 psi]]	5400	2300	_
Mounting flange	Vibratory (continuous)	Nima [llaf.im]	1920 [17 000]		
load moments	Shock (max)	N•m [lbf•in]		6779 [60 000]	

^{1.} Input speeds are valid at 1 bar absolute [0 in Hg vac] inlet pressure. See Inlet pressure vs. speed charts.

HYDRAULIC PARAMETERS

Inlet pressure

Minimum pressure, continuous = 0.8 bar absolute [6.7 inch Hg vac] (at reduced maximum pump speed)

Minimum pressure, cold start = 0.5 bar absolute [15.1 inch Hg vac]

Pressure compensator valve setting

Setting	100 and 130 cc	147 cc	
Minimum	100 bar [1450 psi]		
Maximum	310 bar [4495 psi] 260 bar [377		

Case pressure

Maximum continuous: 0.5 bar [7 psi] Above inlet Intermittent: 2 bar [29 psi] Cold start

Hydraulic fluid

Refer to Sauer-Danfoss publication *Fluids and Filtration* BLN-9887 or 520L0463. For information on biodegradable fluids refer to *Biodegradable Hydraulic Fluids*, 520L0465. See *Fluid and filter maintenance*, page 17 for recommended fluid and filter change intervals.



Technical specifications

Hydraulic parameters (continued)

Temperature range¹

Intermittent (cold start): -40° C [-40° F] Continuous: 82° C [180° F] Maximum²: 104° C [220° F]

Fluid viscosity

Viscosity limits

Rat	mm ² /s (cSt) [SUS]		
	minimum	9 [58]	
v continuous	maximum	110 [500]	
	minimum	6.4 [47]	
v intermittent	maximum	1000 [4700]	
	(cold start)	1000 [4700]	

Filtration

Required cleanliness level: ISO 4406 Class 18/13 or better. Refer to Sauer-Danfoss publications *Fluids and Filtration* BLN-9887 or 520L0463 and *Design Guidelines for Selecting and Maintaining the Required Hydraulic Fluid Cleanliness* 520L0465. See *Fluid and filter maintenance*, page 17 for recommended fluid and filter change intervals.

¹ Hydraulic fluid viscosity must be maintained within the prescribed limits.

² As measured at the hottest point in the system, e.g. drain line.



Features

DISPLACEMENT LIMITER

Frame E Series 45 pumps are available with an optional adjustable maximum displacement limiter. The adjustable stop limits the pump's maximum displacement. The displacement change per turn of the displacement limiter adjustment screw is shown below.

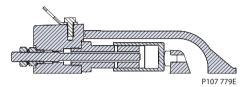
Setting range

100 сс	40 to 100 cm ³ [2.44 to 6.1 in ³]
130 сс	70 to 130 cm³ [4.27 to 7.93 in³]
147 сс	87 to 147 cm³ [5.31 to 8.97 in³]

Displacement change

[100 сс	
	130 сс	8.4 cc/rev [0.513 in³/rev]
[147 сс	

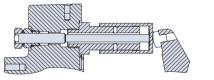
Displacement limiter



Displacement change - older models

100 сс	
130 сс	6.5 cc/rev [0.397 in³/rev]
147 сс	

Displacement limiter - older models



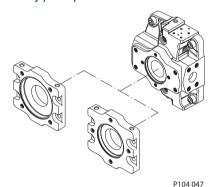
P104 046

AUXILIARY MOUNTING PADS

Auxiliary mounting pads are available for all radial ported Series 45 pumps. These pads are typically used for mounting auxiliary hydraulic pumps.

Since the auxiliary pad operates under case pressure, you must use an O-ring to seal the auxiliary pump mounting flange to the pad. Oil from the main pump case lubricates the drive coupling. For details refer to Series 45 Axial Piston Open Circuit Pumps Technical Information **520L0519**.

Auxiliary pad options



INPUT SHAFTS

Series 45 E frame pumps are available with a variety of splined and straight keyed shafts. For information on shafts refer to Series 45 Axial Piston Open Circuit Pumps Technical Information 520L0519.



Features

CONTROL OPTIONS

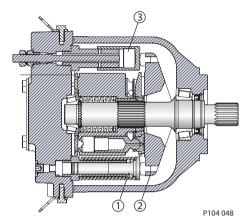
The Series 45 Frames E have three possible control options, a **L**oad **S**ensing (LS) control with **P**ressure **C**ompensator (PC), a PC only control, or an electric control.

Operation

General

The bias piston and spring (1) acts at all times to push the swashplate (2) to maximum angle causing the pump to stroke. The servo piston (3) acts against the bias piston and spring to reduce the swashplate angle causing the pump to destroke. Swashplate angle determines pump outlet flow. The pump control, depending on conditions in the system circuit, sets swashplate angle by metering system pressure to the servo piston.

Cross-section pump



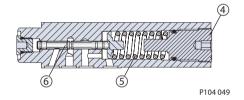
Bias spring and servo piston set swashplate position

PC control

The PC control design maintains a constant pressure in the hydraulic circuit as flow varies. The PC control modulates pump flow accordingly to maintain system pressure at the PC setting as the PC adjusting plug (4) and spring (5) defines.

When system pressure, acting on the non-spring end of the PC spool (6), overcomes the force of the PC spring, the

Cross-section PC control



PC spool shifts to port system pressure to servo piston

spool shifts porting system pressure to the servo piston and the swashplate angle decreases. When system pressure drops below the PC setting, the PC spring shifts the spool in the opposite direction connecting the servo piston to pump case and the swashplate angle increases. The swashplate is maintained at whatever angle is required to keep system pressure at the PC setting.



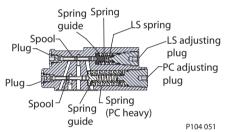
Features

CONTROL OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

LS control

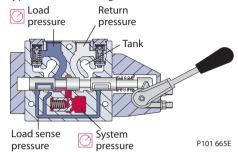
The LS control design matches pump flow with system demand. The LS control senses the flow demand of the system as a pressure drop across the External Control Valve (ECV). As the ECV opens and closes, the pressure delta across the valve changes. When opening, the delta decreases. When closing, the delta increases. The LS control then increases or decreases pump flow to the system until the pressure delta becomes equal to the LS setting as defined by the LS adjusting plug (7) and spring (8).

Cross-section LS control



LS spool shifts to port system pressure to servo

Typical load-sensing control valve



Pressure drop across external control valve defines system demand

The LS control consists of two spool valves that connect the servo piston either to pump case or system pressure. The PC spool (6) controls the pressure-compensating function of the control as previously described. The LS spool (9) controls the load-sensing function. The PC spool has priority over the LS spool.

Through internal porting, system pressure (upstream of ECV) is applied to the non-spring end of the LS spool, and through hydraulic line connected at port X, LS pressure (downstream of ECV)

is applied to the spring end. This arrangement allows the LS spool to act on the delta between system pressure and LS pressure. The LS spring sets the threshold of operation (LS setting).

Because the swashplate is biased to maximum angle, the pump attempts to deliver full flow to the hydraulic system. When the flow being delivered exceeds demand, the pressure delta across the ECV is great enough to overcome spring force and shift the LS spool porting system pressure to the servo piston. The pump de-strokes reducing flow until the delta across the ECV becomes equal to the LS setting. When flow being delivered is less than demand, the delta across the ECV drops below the LS setting and the LS spring shifts the spool connecting the servo piston to pump case. The pump strokes increasing flow until the delta across the ECV becomes equal to the LS setting.

When the external control valve is placed in neutral, it connects the LS signal line to drain. With no LS pressure acting on the non-spring end of the LS spool, the pump adjusts stroke to whatever position necessary to maintain system pressure at the LS setting. The pump is now in standby mode.

Because of the series arrangement of the LS and PC spools, the PC spool will override the LS spool. If at any time system pressure reaches the PC setting, the PC spool will shift blocking the passage that connects the LS spool with the servo piston and porting system pressure to the servo piston causing the pump to destroke.



Features

CONTROL OPTIONS (CONTINUED)

Electric Proportional Controls

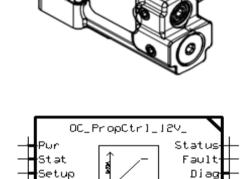
PLUS+1 Compliance

All Series 45 Electric controls have met and passed the Sauer-Danfoss PLUS+1 compliance standard testing, and as such, this Series 45 control is PLUS+1 compliant. PLUS+1 compliance blocks are available on the Sauer-Danfoss website, within the PLUS+1 Guide section.



Electric Proportional Control Principle

The Electric Proportional Control consists of a proportional solenoid integrated into a Remote Pressure Compensated control. This control allows the pump to be operated at any pressure limit between the Load Sense and Pressure Compensation settings by varying the current sent to the solenoid.



Enable

md]n

Electric On/Off Controls

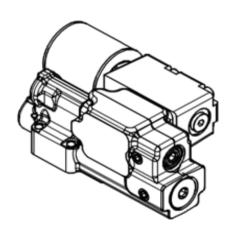
PLUS+1 Compliance

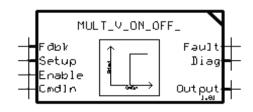
All Series 45 Electric controls have met and passed the Sauer-Danfoss PLUS+1 compliance standard testing, and as such, this Series 45 control is PLUS+1 compliant. PLUS+1 compliance blocks are available on the Sauer-Danfoss website, within the PLUS+1 Guide section.



Electric On-Off Control Principle

The Electric On/Off Control consists of an On/Off solenoid integrated into a Remote Pressure Compensated control. This control allows the pump to be operated at either the Load Sense pressure setting when "On", or the Pressure Compensation pressure setting when "Off".







Pressure measurement

REQUIRED TOOLS

The service procedures described in this manual can be performed using common mechanic's hand tools. Special tools, if required are shown. Calibrate pressure gauges frequently to ensure accuracy. Use snubbers to protect gauges.

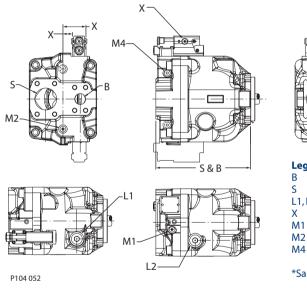
PORT LOCATIONS AND GAUGE INSTALLATION

The illustration below shows gauge port locations. Recommended pressure gauges and fittings are in the table.

Gauge and port information

Port	Purpose	Range of gauge	Fitting
M1, M2	System pressure	0-300 bar [0-5000 psi]	9/16 - 18 O-ring fitting
M4	Servo pressure	0-300 bar [0-5000 psi]	9/16 - 18 O-ring fitting
L1,L2	Case drain	0-300 bar [0-5000 psi]	1-1/16 - 12 O-ring fitting
X1	LS signal	0-300 bar [0-5000 psi]	7/16 - 20 O-ring fitting
XI			(tee into LS signal line)

Gauge port locations





Legend

= Main pressure line

= Suction line

L1, L2 = Case drain lines

= Load sensing pressure port = CW endcap system pressure gauge*

= Gauge port for port B*

= Gauge port — servo pressure

^{*}Same pressure



Initial start-up procedures

GENERAL

Follow this procedure when starting-up a new Series 45 installation or when restarting an installation in which the pump has been removed.

A Warning

Unintended movement of the machine or mechanism may cause injury to the technician or bystanders. To protect against unintended movement, secure the machine or disable / disconnect the mechanism while servicing.

Prior to installing the pump, inspect for damage incurred during shipping. Make certain all system components (reservoir, hoses, valves, fittings, heat exchanger, etc.) are clean prior to filling with fluid.

START-UP PROCEDURE

CAUTION

Incorrect shaft alignment may result in damage to drive shaft, bearings, or seal which can cause external oil leakage.

- 1. Connect the pump to the prime mover. Ensure that pump shaft is properly aligned with the shaft of the prime mover. •
- 2. Fill the reservoir with recommended hydraulic fluid. Always filter fluid through a 10 micron filter pouring into the reservoir. Never reuse hydraulic fluid.
- 3. Fill the main pump housing with clean hydraulic fluid. Pour filtered oil directly into the upper most case drain port.
- 4. Fill the inlet line leading from the pump to the reservoir. Check the inlet line for properly tightened fittings and be certain it is free of restrictions and air leaks.
- 5. To ensure the pump stays filled with oil, install the case drain line in the upper most case drain port.
- 6. Install a gauge at port M1 or M2 to monitor system pressure during start up.

Follow recommendations in the vehicle / machine operator's manual for prime mover start up procedures.

- 7. While watching the pressure gauge installed at M1 or M2, jog the prime mover or run at the lowest possible speed until system pressure builds to normal levels (minimum 11 bar [160 psi]). Once system pressure is established, increase to full operating speed. If system pressure is not maintained, shut down the prime mover, determine cause, and take corrective action. Refer to *Troubleshooting*, page 18.
- 8. Operate the hydraulic system for at least fifteen minutes under light load conditions.
- 9. Check and adjust control settings as necessary after installation. Refer to *Adjustments*, page 21.
- 10. Shut down the prime mover and remove the pressure gauge. Replace plug at port M1 or M2.
- 11. Check the fluid level in the reservoir; add clean filtered fluid if necessary.

The pump is now ready for operation.



Fluid and filter maintenance

RECOMMENDATIONS

To ensure optimum life of Series 45 products, perform regular maintenance of the fluid and filter. Contaminated fluid is the main cause of unit failure. Take care to maintain fluid cleanliness when servicing.

Check the reservoir daily for proper fluid level, the presence of water, and rancid fluid odor. Water in the fluid may be noted by a cloudy or milky appearance or free water in the bottom of the reservoir. Rancid odor indicates the fluid has been exposed to excessive heat. Change the fluid immediately if these conditions occur. Correct the problem immediately.

Change the fluid and filter per the vehicle / machine manufacturer's recommendations or at these intervals:

Fluid and filter change interval

Reservoir type	Maximum change interval
Sealed	2000 hours
Breather	500 hours

Change the fluid more frequently if it becomes contaminated with foreign matter (dirt water grease etc.) or if the fluid is

matter (dirt, water, grease, etc.) or if the fluid is subjected to temperature levels greater that the recommended maximum.

Dispose of used hydraulic fluid properly. Never reuse hydraulic fluid.

Change filters whenever the fluid is changed or when the filter indicator shows that it is necessary to change the filter. Replace all fluid lost during filter change.



Series 45 E Frame Open Circuit Axial Piston Pumps Service Manual Troubleshooting

EXCESSIVE NOISE AND / OR VIBRATION

Item	Description	Action
Check fluid level in reservoir.	Insufficient hydraulic fluid causes	Fill the reservoir to proper level.
	cavitation.	riii the reservoir to proper level.
Check for air in system.	Air in system causes noisy, erratic	Purge air and tighten fittings.
	control.	Check inlet for leaks.
Check pump inlet pressure /	Improper inlet conditions cause	Correct pump inlet pressure /
	erratic behavior and low output	vacuum conditions. Refer to
vacuum.	flow.	Hydraulic parameters, page 10.
	A loose or incorrect shaft coupling	Repair or replace coupling and
Inspect shaft couplings.	causes excessive noise and / or	ensure that correct coupling is
	vibration.	used.
Check shaft alignment.	Misaligned shafts create excessive	Correct shaft micalianment
Check shart alignment.	noise and / or vibration.	Correct shaft misalignment.
		Allow system to warm up before
	Hydraulic fluid viscosity above	operating, or use fluid with the
Hydraulic fluid viscosity above	acceptable limits or low fluid	appropriate viscosity grade for
1 *	temperature will not allow the	expected operating temperatures.
acceptable limits.	pump to fill or control to operate	See Hydraulic Fluids, Series 45
	properly.	Technical Information Manual,
		520L0519.

ACTUATOR RESPONSE IS SLUGGISH

Item	Description	Action
Check external system relief valve setting.	Low external relief valve setting slows down system.	Adjust external relief valve setting following manufacturer's recommendations. External relief setting must be above PC setting to operate properly.
Check PC and LS control setting.	Low PC setting prevents the pump from achieving full stroke. Low LS setting limits output flow.	Adjust PC and LS setting. Refer to Adjustments, page 20.
Check LS control signal pressures.	Incorrect LS signal will not allow pump to operate correctly.	Inspect system to ensure that proper LS signal transmit to pump.
Internal system leaks.	Worn internal parts don't allow the pump to operate properly.	Refer to Authorized Service Center for required repair.
Hydraulic fluid viscosity above acceptable limits.	Hydraulic fluid viscosity above acceptable limits or low fluid temperature will not allow the pump to fill or control to operate properly.	Allow system to warm up before operation or sue fluid with the appropriate viscosity grade for expected operating temperatures. See Hydraulic Fluids, Series 45 Technical Information Manual, 520L0519.
Check external system valving.	Malfunctioning valving may not allow system to respond properly.	Repair or replace system valving as required.
Check pump case pressure.	High case pressure causes the system to be sluggish.	Correct case drain line restrictions.
Check pump inlet pressure / vacuum.	High inlet vacuum causes low output flow.	Correct inlet pressure conditions.



Troubleshooting

SYSTEM OPERATING HOT

Item	Description	Action
Check fluid level in reservoir.	Insufficient volume of hydraulic fluid will not meet cooling demands of system.	Fill reservoir to proper level. Verify proper size of reservoir.
Inspect heat exchanger. Check air flow and input air temperature for the heat exchanger.	Insufficient air flow, high input air temperature, or undersized heat exchanges will not meet cooling demands of the system.	Clean, repair, or replace heat exchanger as required. Verify proper size of heat exchanger.
Check external system relief valve setting.	Fluid passing through relief valve adds heat to system.	Adjust external system relief valve setting following manufacturer's recommendations. External relief valve setting must be above PC setting for proper operation.
Check pump inlet pressure /	High inlet vacuum adds heat to	Correct inlet pressure / vacuum
vacuum.	system.	conditions.

LOW PUMP OUTPUT FLOW

ltem	Description	Action
	Insufficient hydraulic fluid will limit	
Check fluid level in reservoir.	output flow and cause internal	Fill the reservoir to proper level.
	damage to pump.	
Hydraulic fluid viscosity above acceptable limits.	Fluid viscosity above acceptable limits or low fluid temperature will not allow the pump to fill or control to operate properly.	Allow system to warm up before operating, or use fluid with the appropriate viscosity grade for expected operating temperatures. See Hydraulic fluids, Series 45 Technical Information Manual, 520L0519.
Check external system relief valve setting.	Eternal relief valve set below PC setting causes low output flow.	Adjust external relief valve following manufacturer's recommendation. External relief valve setting must be above PC setting to operate properly.
Check PC and LS control setting.	Low PC setting prevents the pump from achieving full stroke.	Adjust PC and LS setting. Refer to Adjustment, page 21.
Check pump inlet pressure / vacuum.	High inlet vacuum causes low output flow.	Correct inlet pressure conditions.
Check input speed.	Low input speeds decrease flow.	Adjust input speed.
Check pump rotation.	Incorrect rotational configuration causes low flow.	Use pump with appropriate rotational configuration.

PRESSURE OR FLOW INSTABILITY

Item	Description	Action
		Activate PC allowing system
	Air in system causes erratic	to bleed air. Check inlet line for
Check for air in system.	operation.	leaks and eliminate source of air
		ingression.
Check control spools.	Sticking control spools cause	Inspect spools for free movement
	erratic operation.	in bore. Clean or replace.



Series 45 E Frame Open Circuit Axial Piston Pumps Service Manual Troubleshooting

PRESSURE OR FLOW INSTABILITY (continued)

Item	Description	Action
Check LS setting.	Low LS setting may cause	Adjust LS setting to proper level.
	instability.	See Adjustments, page 21.
Charles Cainnallina	Blocked LS signal line interferes	Remove blockage.
Check LS signal line.	with proper LS operation.	
		Adjust external relief valve or PC
Check external relief valve and PC	Insufficient pressure differential	control settings to appropriate
	between PC setting and external	level. Relief valve setting must
setting.	relief valve.	be above PC setting to operate
		properly.
	Chattering external relief valve	
Check external relief valve.	may cause unstable feedback to	Adjust or replace relief valve.
	pump control.	

SYSTEM PRESSURE NOT REACHING PC SETTING

ltem	Description	Action
Check PC control setting.	System pressure will not rise above	Adjust PC to appropriate setting.
	PC setting.	Refer to Adjustments, page 21.
		Adjust external relief valve
	External relief valve setting below	according to manufacturer's
Check external relief valve.	PC setting presents pressure	recommendations. External relief
	compensation.	valve must be set above PC setting
		to operate properly.
In an ant DC country I am visa a	Broken, damaged, or missing	Donlars the spring as required
Inspect PC control spring.	spring will cause erratic operation.	Replace the spring as required.
Inspect DC speel for wear	Wear of PC spool causes internal	Replace the spool as required.
Inspect PC spool for wear.	leakage in the control.	hepiace the spool as required.
Inspect PC spool for proper	Improper orientation results in	Correct orientation of spool.
orientation.	poor operation.	Correct orientation of spool.
Check PC control for	Contamination may interfere with	Clean PC control components, take
contamination.	,	appropriate action to eliminate
Containination.	movement of the PC spool.	contamination.

HIGH INLET VACUUM

• Caution High inlet vacuum causes cavitation which can damage internal pump components.

Item	Description	Action
Check fluid temperature.	Low temperature increases	Allow system to warm up before
	viscosity. High fluid viscosity	operating.
	causes high inlet vacuum.	operating.
Inspect inlet screen.	Blocked or restricted inlet screen	Clean screen / remove blockage.
	causes high inlet vacuum.	Clean screen / Temove blockage.
Check inlet piping.	Too many fittings, bends, or long	Eliminate fittings to make path
	piping causes high inlet vacuum.	more direct.
Hydraulic fluid viscosity above acceptable limits.	High fluid viscosity causes high inlet vacuum.	Select fluid with appropriate
		viscosity for expected operating
		temperature. See <i>Hydraulic fluids</i> ,
		Series 45 Technical Information
		Manual, 520L0519.



PC CONTROL

PC setting is indicated in the pump model code. Refer to the *Series 45 Open Circuit Axial Piston Pumps Technical Information Manual,* **520L0519**, for more information.

Before performing adjustments, read page 15, Pressure measurement.

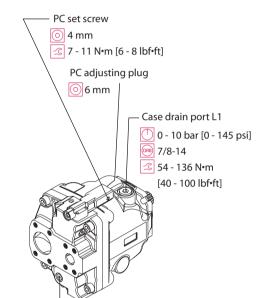
A Warning Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate your skin causing serious injury and/or infection. Relieve pressure in the system before removing hoses, fittings, gauges, or components.

Unintended movement of the machine or mechanism may cause injury to the technician or bystanders.

To protect against unintended movement, secure the machine or disable / disconnect the mechanism while servicing.

- Install a pressure gauge in port M1
 or M2 to measure system pressure.
 Install a pressure gauge in case
 drain port L1 or L2 to measure case
 pressure.
- Start the prime mover and allow fluid to reach normal operating temperature. Operate a hydraulic function to its full extension, loading the pump at maximum pressure and zero flow.
- 3. Loosen the PC set screw and turn the PC adjusting plug until the desired setting is indicated on the pressure gauge at port M1 or M2¹. Clockwise rotation increases pressure, counterclockwise rotation decreases; approximate gain 42 bar [610 psi] per turn.

If the pressure does not increase, an external system relief valve may require adjustment. External system relief valve must be set above the PC setting for proper operation.



PC control adjustment

Gauge M2

9/16-28

0 - 300 bar [0 - 4351 psi]

34-68 N·m [25-50 lbf•ft]

P104 053

Contamination can damage internal components and void the manufacturer's warranty. Take precautions to ensure system cleanliness when removing and reinstalling system lines.

- 4. While holding the position of the PC adjusting plug, torque the PC set screw to 7.5 10.8 N•m [5.5 8 lbf•ft].
- 5. Stop the prime mover, remove the pressure gauges, and return the system to its normal operating configuration.

Pressure change

Control option	PC adjustment	LS adjustment
LS, LD, LB, LE, PC, RP	42 bar/rev [609 PSI/rev]	
BB, BC, BP, BS	36 bar/rev [534 PSI/rev]	17.2 bar/rev [250 PSI/rev]
AB, AC, AD, AJ, AS	8.5 bar/rev [123 PSI/rev]	

 $^{^1}$ P C setting is referenced to case pressure. Subtract case pressure from system pressure to compute the actual setting.



LS CONTROL

A Warning Escaping hydraulic fluid under pressure can have sufficient force to penetrate your skin causing serious injury and/or infection. Relieve pressure in the system before removing hoses, fittings, gauges, or components.

Unintended movement of the machine or mechanism may cause injury to the technician or bystanders.

To protect against unintended movement, secure the machine or disable / disconnect the mechanism while servicing.

Caution
Contamination can
damage internal
components and void the
manufacturer's warranty.
Take precautions to ensure
system cleanliness when
removing and reinstalling
system lines.

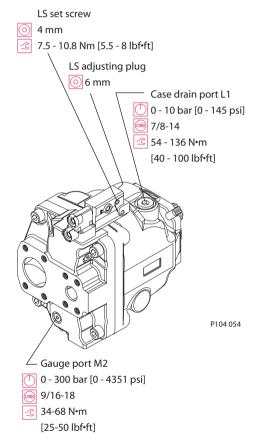
If the pressure does not increase, an external system relief valve may require adjustment. External system relief valve must be set above the PC setting for proper operation.

The LS setting is indicated in the pump model code. Refer to the *Series 45 Open Circuit Axial Piston Pumps Technical Information Manual*, **520L0519**, for more information.

Before performing adjustments, read page 15, Pressure measurement.

- Install a pressure gauge in port M1 or M2 to measure system pressure.
 Install a pressure gauge in drain port L1 or L2 to measure case pressure.
 Tee-in a gauge to the LS / remote PC signal line (port X). A ①
- Start the prime mover and allow fluid to reach normal operating temperature. Slowly operate a hydraulic function that will demand approximately half flow from the pump, but keep system pressure below the PC set point.
- 3. Loosen the LS set screw. While watching the pressure gauges, turn the LS adjusting plug until the desired pressure differential between port M1 or M2 and port X is achieved¹. Clockwise rotation increases the setting, counterclockwise rotation will decrease it; approximate gain = 17 bar [250 psi] per turn.
- 4. While holding the position of the LS adjusting plug, torque the LS set screw to 7.5 10.8 N•m [5.5-8 lbf•ft].
- Operate a hydraulic function to its full extension loading the pump at maximum pressure and zero flow.

LS control adjustment



Adjusting plug, set screw, and gauge locations shown

- 6. Loosen the PC set screw and turn the PC adjusting plug until the desired setting is indicated on the pressure gauge at port M1 or M2². Clockwise rotation increases pressure, counterclockwise rotation decreases it; approximate gain = 42 bar [610 psi] per turn.
- 7. While holding the position of the PC adjusting plug, torque the PC set screw to 7.5 10.8 N•m [5.5-8 lbf•ft].
- 8. Stop the prime mover, remove the pressure gauges, and return the system to its normal operating configuration.

¹ The LS setting is a differential pressure. Subtract pilot pressure at port X from system pressure at port M2 to compute the actual setting.

²PC setting is referenced to case pressure. Subtract case pressure from system pressure to compute the actual setting.



Minor repair

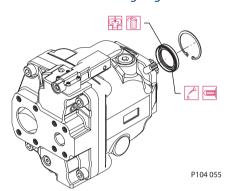
SHAFT SEAL REPLACEMENT

The Series 45 open circuit variable pumps use a lip-type shaft seal. You can replace this seal without major disassembly of the unit. Replacing the shaft seal requires removing the pump from the machine.

Removal

- 1. Using the appropriate snap-ring pliers, remove the retaining ring (K010) from the housing.
- Caution Don't damage the pump housing or shaft.
- 2. Remove the shaft seal (K020) from the bore in the pump housing and discard.
- Puncture the face of the seal with a packing hook, or use a slide-hammer type puller to remove the seal.

Shaft seal and retaining ring



Installation

- 4. Inspect the pump housing and new seal for damage. Inspect the sealing area on the shaft for rust, wear, or contamination. Polish the sealing area on the shaft if necessary.
- 5. Lubricate the lip of the new shaft seal with clean hydraulic fluid. Place a protective sleeve over the shaft end to prevent damage to the seal during installation.
- Premature bearing failure can result if the shaft seal contacts the shaft bearing.

 Press the seal into the housing only far enough to clear the retaining ring groove.
- 6. Keeping the seal perpendicular to the shaft, press the new seal into the housing just far enough to clear the retaining ring groove. Install seal with the cupped side toward the shaft bearing. Do not damage the seal during installation.
- 7. Using the appropriate snap ring pliers, install the seal retaining ring.
- 8. Remove the installation sleeve.



Minor repair

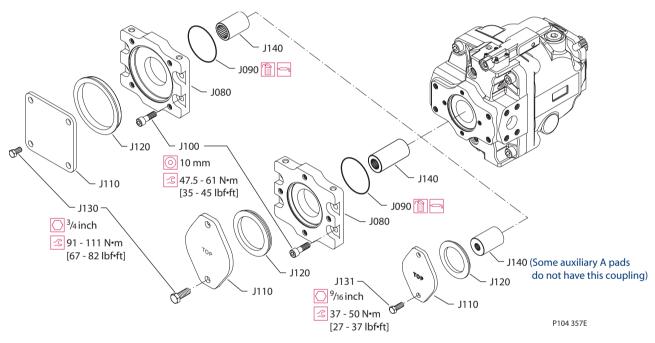
AUXILIARY PADS

You may install auxiliary mounting pads on pumps equipped with through-drive radial ported end caps. Follow these steps to either remove, replace, or exchange auxiliary mounting pads.

Removal

- 1. Remove the screws (J130), retaining the cover plate (J110) or auxiliary pump (not shown). Remove the shipping cover or auxiliary pump and its seal (J120).
- 2. Remove the drive coupling (J140) if present.
- 3. Remove the 4 screws (J100) retaining the pad adapter (J080) to the endcap. Discard the pad adapter O-ring (J090) if present.

Auxiliary mounting pads



• Caution Shipping cover is intended only to retain coupling during shipment and storage. Do not operate pump with coupling and shipping cover installed.

Installation

- 4. Lubricate new O-ring (J090) with petroleum jelly. Install the pad adapter to the endcap.
- 5. Install the 4 screws (J100) and torque to 47.5 61 N•m [35 45 lbf•ft].
- 6. Install the drive coupling (J140) if present.
- 7. Install shipping cover with seal (J120) or auxiliary pump with O-ring (customer supplied). •
- 8. Install the screws (J130) and torque to 94 115 N•m [67 82 lbf•ft]. If you have an auxiliary A pad, install the screws (J131) and torque to 37 50 N•m [27 37 lbf•ft].



Minor repair

LS AND PC CONTROLS

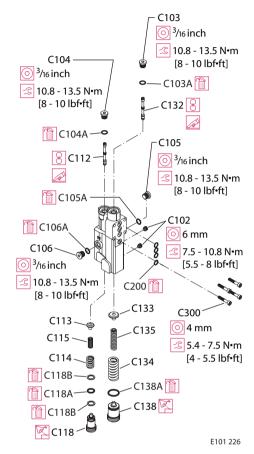
Disassembly

- 1. Remove the 4 screws (C300) holding the control housing onto the end cap.
- 2. Remove the control and discard the 4 interface O-rings (C200).
- 3. Remove the PC set screw (C102), PC adjusting plug (C138), O-ring (C138A), springs (C134, C135), and seat (C133). Discard the O-ring.
- Remove the plug (C103), O-ring (C103A), and PC spool (C132) from the control housing. Discard the O-ring. Note orientation of the spool for reassembly.

For PC only controls, skip steps 5 through 7

- Remove the plug (C105) and O-ring (C105A), or the plug (C106) and O-ring (C106A). Discard the O-ring (C105A or C106A).
- Remove the LS set screw (C102), LS adjusting plug (C118), O-ring (C118A), back-up rings (C118B), springs (C114, C115), and seat (C113). Discard the C118A O-ring.

Control assembly



LS control shown; parts C104 through C106 and C112 through C118 are not used on PC control

7. Remove the C104 plug, C104A O-ring, and C112 LS spool from the control housing; discard the O-ring. Note orientation of the spool for reassembly.

Inspection

- 8. Inspect the adjusting plugs for wear at the tips and where they contact the springs; replace as necessary.
- 9. Inspect the springs and spring guides for wear or damage; replace as necessary.
- 10. Carefully inspect the spools. Ensure the sealing lands are free of nicks and scratches. Check the ends that contact the spring guides for wear. Replace spools as necessary.
- 11. Inspect the control housing for damage. Check the spool bores for excessive wear.
- 12. Clean all parts and lubricate spools, springs, guides and new O-rings with clean hydraulic fluid.



Minor repair

LS AND PC CONTROLS (continued)

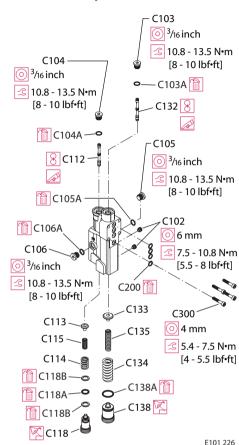
Reassembly

- 13. Install the PC spool (C132), spherical end first, into the PC bore. Using a new O-ring (C103A), install the plug (C103). Torque the plug (C103) to 10.8 13.5 N·m [8 10 lbf·ft].
- 14. Place the two PC springs (C134, C135) onto the spring guide (C133) and install into the PC bore. Place a new O-ring (C138A) onto the PC adjusting screw and thread it into the PC bore until flush, then make another full turn. Install and torque the PC set screw (C102) to 7.5 10.8 N•m [5.5-8 lbf•ft].

For PC only controls, skip steps 15 through 17.

- 15. Install the LS spool (C112), spherical end first, into the LS bore. Using a new O-ring (C105A or C106A), install the plug (C105 or C106). Torque the plug (C105 or C106) to 10.8 13.5 N•m [8 10 lbf•ft].
- 16. Using a new O-ring (C104A), install the plug (C104). Torque the plug to 10.8 13.5 N·m [8 10 lbf•ft].
- 17. Place the two LS springs (C134, C135)
 onto the spring guide (C113) and
 install into the LS bore. Place a new
 O-ring (C118A) and back-up rings (C118B) onto the
 - O-ring (C118A) and back-up rings (C118B) onto the LS adjusting screw and thread it into the LS bore until flush, then make another full turn. Install and torque the LS set screw (C102) to 7.5 10.8 N•m [5.5-8 lbf•ft].
- 18. Using petroleum jelly to retain them, install the 4 interface O-rings (C200) in the recesses on the control housing.
- 19. Install the control assembly onto the endcap using the 4 screws (C300). Torque the screws to 5.4 7.5 N•m [4 5.5 lbf•ft]. Torque screws in a criss-cross pattern and retorque the first screw to ensure proper torque retention.
- 20. Check and adjust the control setting. See Adjustments, page 21.

Control assembly



LS control shown; parts C104 through C106 and C112 through C118 are not used on PC control



Minor repair

ELECTRIC CONTROLS

Disassembly

- 1. Remove four screws (C300).
- 2. Remove the control and discard the four O-rings (C200).
- 3. Remove set screws (C102), PC adjusting plug (C138) with O-ring (C138A), springs (C134, C135), and seat (C133). Discard the O-ring if it is damaged.
- Remove plug (C103). Remove PC spool (C132). Note orientation of the spool for reassembly.
- 5. Remove plug (G030), and orifice (G020).
- Remove LS adjusting plug (C118), springs (C114, C115), and seat (C113).
- 7. Remove plug (C104), and spool (C112). Note the orientation of the spool for reassembly.
- 8. Remove four screws (C151). Remove the manifold (C152) and discard the two interface O-rings (C154).
- For electric proportional controls only:
 Remove the electric control manifold drain orifice (C149).
- 10. Remove plug (C153). Remove the cartridge valve nut (C125), electric solenoid (C155), and cartridge valve (C150) from the electric control manifold.

Inspection

- 1. Inspect the adjusting plugs for wear at the tips and where they contact the springs; replace as necessary.
- 2. Inspect the springs and spring guides for wear or damage; replace as necessary.
- Carefully inspect the spools. Ensure the sealing lands are free of nicks and scratches. Check the ends that contact the spring guides for wear. Replace spools as necessary.
- 4. Inspect the control housing for damage. Check the spool bores for excessive wear.
- 5. Remove debris from orifices if necessary. Ensure the servo control orifice backup plug is clean, and remove debris if necessary.
- 6. Clean all parts and lubricate spools, springs, guides and new O-rings with clean hydraulic fluid.



Minor repair

ELECTRIC CONTROLS (CONTINUED)

Reassembly

- 1. Install the servo control orifice (G020), and torque to 2-3.4 N·m [18-30 in·lb]. Then install the orifice backup plug (G030), and torque to 2-3.4 N·m [18-30 in·lb].
- 2. Install the PC spool (C132), spherical end first, into the PC bore. Install plug (C103). Torque the plug to 10.8 13.5 N·m [8 10 lbf·ft].
- 3. Place the two PC springs (C134, C135) onto the spring guide (C133) and install into the PC bore. Place a new O-ring (C138A) onto the PC adjusting screw (C138) and thread it into the PC bore until flush, then make another full turn. Install and torque the PC set screw (C102) to 7.5 10.8 N•m [5.5-8 lbf•ft].
- 4. Install the LS spool (C112), spherical end first, into the LS bore.
- 5. Install plug (C104). Torque the plug to 10.8 13.5 N·m [8 10 lbf•ft].
- Place the two LS springs (C114, C115) onto the spring guide (C113) and install into the LS bore. Thread adjusting screw (C118) into the LS bore until flush, then make another full turn. Install and torque the LS set screw (C102) to 7.5 - 10.8 N·m [5.5-8 lbf·ft].
- 7. Install the electric control manifold drain orifice (C149) and torque to 2-3.4 N·m [18-30 in·lb].
- 8. Install the cartridge valve (C150) into the electric control manifold (C152). Torque to 25.8-28.5 N•m [19-21 lbf•ft]. DO NOT OVERTORQUE the cartridge valve.
- 9. Install the electric solenoid (C155), and solenoid coil nut (C125). Torque to 6.8-9.5 N•m [5-7 lbf•ft].
- 10. Install plug (C153). Torque the plug to 10.8 13.5 N·m [8 10 lbf·ft].
- 11. Using petroleum jelly to retain them, install the two interface O-rings (C154) in the recesses on the electric control manifold.
- 12. Install the manifold assembly onto the control housing using four screws (C151). Torque the screws to 5.4 7.5 N•m [4 5.5 lbf•ft]. Torque the screws in a criss-cross pattern and re-torque the first screw to ensure proper torque retention.
- 13. Using petroleum jelly to retain them, install the four interface O-rings (C200) in the recesses on the control housing.
- 14. Install the control assembly onto the endcap using the four screws (C300). Torque the screws to 5.4 7.5 N·m [4 5.5 lbf·ft]. Torque screws in a criss-cross pattern and re-torque the first screw to ensure proper torque retention.
- 15. Check and adjust the control setting. See *Adjustments*, page 22-23.



Minor repair

SERVO CONTROL ORIFICE

Disassembly

- 1. Remove four screws (C300).
- 2. Remove the control and discard the four O-rings (C200).
- Remove PC plug (C103), and PC spool (C132) from the control housing.

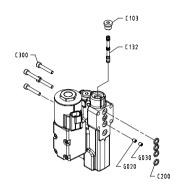
Note the orientation of the spool for reassembly.

4. Remove backup plug (G030), and orifice (G020).

Reassembly

- 1. Install the orifice (G020), and torque to 2-3.4 N•m [18-30 in•lb]. Then install the orifice backup plug (G030), and torque to 2-3.4 N•m [18-30 in•lb].
- 2. Install the PC spool (C132), spherical end first, into the PC bore. Install plug (C103). Torque the plug to 10.8 13.5 N•m [8 10 lbf•ft].
- 3. Using petroleum jelly to retain them, install the four O-rings (C200) in the recesses on the control housing.
- Install the control assembly onto the endcap using four screws (C300).
 Torque the screws to 5.4 7.5 N·m
 [4 5.5 lbf·ft]. Torque screws in a criss-cross pattern and re-torque the first screw to ensure proper torque retention.

Control assembly



P108 669E

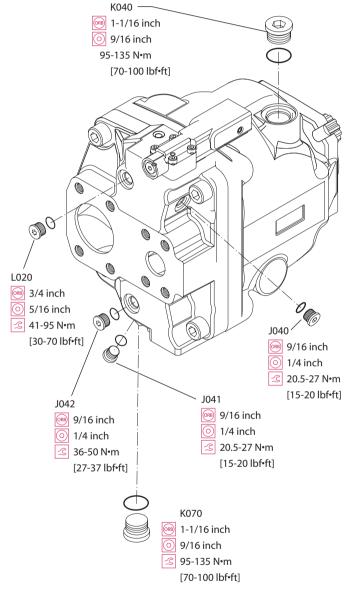


Minor repair

PLUG AND FITTING SIZES AND TORQUES

If any plugs or fittings are removed from the unit during service, install and torque as indicated here. This drawing is a composite. Your configuration may differ but here is the appropriate wrench size and torque:

Plug locations, sizes, and torques





Products we offer:

- **Bent Axis Motors**
- Closed Circuit Axial Piston Pumps and Motors
- Displays
- Electrohydraulic Power Steering
- Electrohydraulics
- Hydraulic Power Steering
- **Integrated Systems**
- Joysticks and Control Handles
- Microcontrollers and Software
- **Open Circuit Axial Piston Pumps**
- **Orbital Motors**
- PLUS+1™ GUIDE
- **Proportional Valves**
- Sensors
- Steering
- **Transit Mixer Drives**

Members of the Sauer-Danfoss Group:

Comatrol

www.comatrol.com

Schwarzmüller-Inverter

www.schwarzmueller-inverter.com

Turolla

www.turollaocg.com

Hydro-Gear

www.hydro-gear.com

Sauer-Danfoss-Daikin

www.sauer-danfoss-daikin.com

Sauer-Danfoss is a global manufacturer and supplier of highquality hydraulic and electronic components. We specialize in providing state-of-the-art technology and solutions that excel in the harsh operating conditions of the mobile off-highway market. Building on our extensive applications expertise, we work closely with our customers to ensure exceptional performance for a broad range of off-highway vehicles.

We help OEMs around the world speed up system development, reduce costs and bring vehicles to market faster. Sauer-Danfoss – Your Strongest Partner in Mobile Hydraulics.

Go to www.sauer-danfoss.com for further product information.

Wherever off-highway vehicles are at work, so is Sauer-Danfoss.

We offer expert worldwide support for our customers, ensuring the best possible solutions for outstanding performance. And with an extensive network of Global Service Partners, we also provide comprehensive global service for all of our components.

Please contact the Sauer-Danfoss representative nearest you.

Local address:

Sauer-Danfoss (US) Company 2800 East 13th Street Ames, IA 50010, USA Phone: +1 515 239 6000 +1 515 239 6618 Fax:

Sauer-Danfoss GmbH & Co. OHG Postfach 2460, D-24531 Neumünster Krokamp 35, D-24539 Neumünster, Germany 1-5-28 Nishimiyahara, Yodogawa-ku

Phone: +49 4321 871 0 +49 4321 871 122 Sauer-Danfoss ApS DK-6430 Nordborg, Denmark Phone: +45 7488 4444

Fax: +45 7488 4400

Sauer-Danfoss-Daikin LTD. Shin-Osaka TERASAKI 3rd Bldg. 6F Osaka 532-0004, Japan

Phone: +81 6 6395 6066 Fax: +81 6 6395 8585